Mirabaua – Discovery Europe EX-UK

SRI Report 31 December 2024

MIRABAUD

ASSET MANAGEMENT

General Information about the Portfolio



Fund Facts

Portfolio : Mirabaud - Discovery Europe Ex-UK Benchmark : MSCI Europe ex-UK Small Cap ESG Approach : Best-in-Universe SFDR classification : Article 8

ESG Coverage

| | Port. He | oldings | Bench. H | loldings |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| ESG Providers | # | % | # | % |
| Score (Sustainalytics/Internal) | 36/36 | 100.0 | 602 | 96.8 |
| Trucost | 33/36 | 94.6 | 620 | 98.1 |

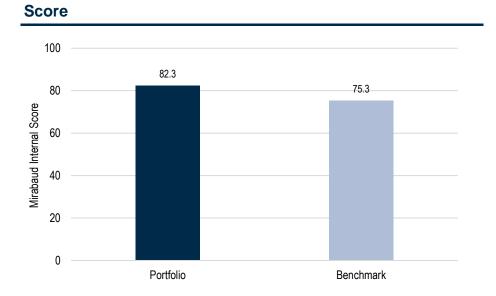
Product Involvement

| | Port. H | oldings | Bench. | Holdings |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------|----------|
| Product Name | # | % | # | % |
| Adult Entertainment | | | | |
| Controversial Weapons | | | | |
| Thermal Coal | | | | |
| Tobacco Production | | | 2 | 0.3 |

The protocol of the fund excludes investment in companies deriving more than 5% of their revenues from these activities (no revenue threshold for controversial weapons).

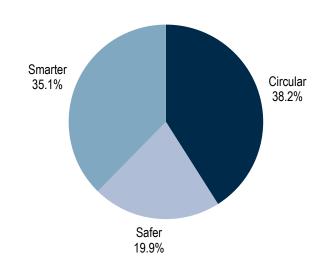
Exposure to ESG controversies

| | Port. Holdings | | Bench. Holdings | |
|------------|----------------|------|-----------------|------|
| Level | # | % | # | % |
| Category 1 | 5 | 16.1 | 150 | 25.3 |
| Category 2 | | | 82 | 13.8 |
| Category 3 | | | 15 | 2.5 |
| Category 4 | | | 1 | 0.2 |
| Category 5 | | | | |



The Score is a Mirabaud Internal Score, based on Sustainalytics data and made up of 10% ESG Risk Rating, 40% ESG Score and 50% internal score. These two Sustainalytics scores are complementary measures. They allow us to assess a company's management of material ESG issues as well as responsible practices. The internal score measures a company's alignment with one or more of three themes: Smarter, Safer, Circular. The rating scale is from 0-100, with 100 being the best score.

Theme - Portfolio Distribution



Circular: reducing waste and using the planet's resources more efficiently **Safer**: increasing safety, compliance and regulation **Smarter**: Better harnessing technology to improve quality of life

| Company name | Score | Pf (%) | Bm (%) |
|------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Brockhaus Technologies AG | 94.0 | 1.3 | |
| Neinor Homes SA | 93.5 | 4.4 | 0.0 |
| Instone Real Estate Group SE | 92.4 | 3.4 | |
| CIE Automotive SA | 91.2 | 2.6 | 0.1 |
| Norma Group SE | 90.0 | 3.0 | 0.1 |

Bottom 5

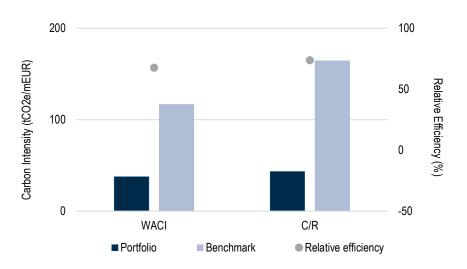
| Company name | Score | Pf (%) | Bm (%) |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| KSB SE & Co KGaA | 33.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Detection Technology Oy | 41.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Pharmanutra SpA | 76.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Truecaller AB | 77.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Eckert & Ziegler SE | 77.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 |

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Source: Mirabaud Asset Management, Sustainalytics Data available as at 31.12.2024

Carbon Analysis

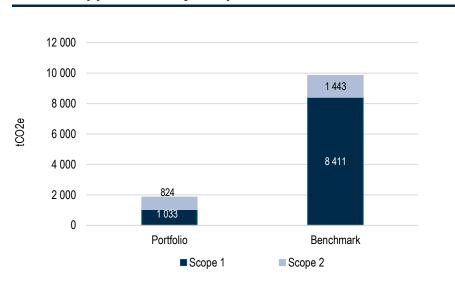




Carbon Intensity by Method

The portfolio is less carbon intensive than the benchmark across the 2 methodologies used, Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) and Carbon to Revenue (C/R). The relative efficiency is 68% for WACI and 74% for C/R.

The coverage is 94.6% for the portfolio and 98.1% for the benchmark.



The absolute portfolio's carbon footprint is 1856 tCO2e, against 9854 tCO2e for the benchmark. The scope 1 represents 56% of the portfolio's footprint and 85% of the benchmark's footprint.

On this indicator, the portfolio must perform better compared to the benchmark.

| Sector | Weights | | Carbon Intensity (tCO2e/mEUR) | | At | tribution Analysis | | |
|------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Port. | Bench. | Port. | Bench. | Relative Efficiency | Sector Allocation | Company Selection | Total Effect |
| Communication Services | 0.0% | 4.9% | 0.0 | 13.7 | 100.0% | -3.9% | | -3.9% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 19.5% | 8.9% | 27.6 | 44.4 | 37.9% | 7.2% | 3.0% | 10.2% |
| Consumer Staples | 3.4% | 4.8% | 20.5 | 78.5 | 73.9% | -0.4% | 1.8% | 1.3% |
| Energy | 4.6% | 4.6% | 1.0 | 311.5 | 99.7% | -0.3% | 13.0% | 12.6% |
| Financials | 14.6% | 14.7% | 4.4 | 6.6 | 33.5% | 0.9% | 0.3% | 1.1% |
| Health Care | 8.3% | 8.6% | 15.0 | 35.7 | 57.9% | 0.2% | 1.6% | 1.7% |
| Industrials | 31.1% | 26.1% | 80.9 | 86.7 | 6.8% | 1.7% | 1.6% | 3.4% |
| Information Technology | 11.6% | 8.5% | 21.9 | 15.3 | -43.5% | -1.8% | -0.4% | -2.2% |
| Materials | 0.0% | 7.8% | 0.0 | 712.9 | 100.0% | 40.7% | | 40.7% |
| Real Estate | 7.0% | 8.2% | 17.0 | 37.0 | 53.9% | -0.7% | 1.3% | 0.6% |
| Utilities | 0.0% | 3.0% | 0.0 | 195.5 | 100.0% | 2.0% | | 2.0% |
| Total | 100.0% | 100.0% | 37.7 | 116.7 | 67.7% | 45.6% | 22.1% | 67.7% |

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) - Attribution Analysis by Sector

Contributors to Carbon Intensity

Highest Contributors Relative Weight (%) **Carbon Intensity** Company -2 0 2 6 8 (tCO2e/mEUR) 4 Befesa SA 961.1 Befesa SA DO & CO AG DO & CO AG 74.1 Forbo Holding AG 56.7 Forbo Holding AG

Carbon Apportioned by Scope

| · ···································· | |
|--|------|
| AcadeMedia AB | 50.3 |
| Nolato AB | 50.3 |
| | |



Neinor Homes SA Cembra Money Bank AG Gaztransport Et Technigaz SA

Thermador Groupe

Instone Real Estate Group SE

-2



Lowest Contributors

| Company | Carbon Intensity (tCO2e/mEUR) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Neinor Homes SA | 0.7 |
| Cembra Money Bank AG | 0.7 |
| Gaztransport Et Technigaz SA | 1.0 |
| Thermador Groupe | 1.5 |
| Instone Real Estate Group SE | 2.8 |



Source: Mirabaud Asset Management, S&P Trucost Limited © Trucost 2025 Data available as at 31.12.2024

Carbon Analysis





Historical Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) - 3 Years Rolling

The carbon footprint is purely a static method and represents a snapshot in time. Therefore, it does not integrate the policies, improvement objectives or CO2 emission trends of companies, which are key elements in the fight against global warming.

Energy Transition - 2°C Alignment

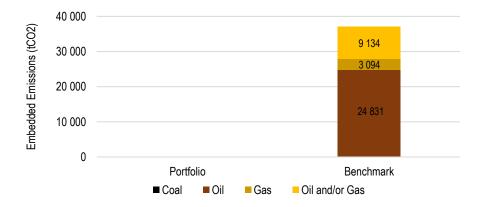
| 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| 0% —— | Portfolio (current) | Benchmark (current) | IEA (World) 2025 2 Degree Scenario | IEA (World) 2040 2 Degree Scenario | IEA (World) 2050 2 Degree Scenario |
| Coal | | 1.2% | 24.7% | 2.0% | 0.1% |
| Petroleum | | 3.1% | 2.0% | 0.6% | 0.3% |
| Natural Gas | | 32.6% | 23.1% | 14.0% | 6.0% |
| Fossil Energy with CCS | | | 0.2% | 7.7% | 9.0% |
| Nuclear | | | 13.0% | 16.8% | 16.3% |
| Other Sources (incl. Landfill Gas) | | 1.0% | | | |
| Hydroelectric | | 14.2% | 17.8% | 18.2% | 17.9% |
| Biomass | | 15.9% | 4.7% | 7.6% | 7.9% |
| Other Renewables | | 31.9% | 14.6% | 33.1% | 42.5% |

The goal for 2050 is to have an energy mix where coal and oil will have disappeared in favour of renewable energies, in order to achieve the 2 degree objective set by the Paris Agreement at COP21.

Embedded Emissions

The graph below shows the total tonnes of CO2 from the fossil fuel

reserves, broken by reserve type.



Highest Contributors in the Benchmark

| Company name | Port. (%) | Bench. (%) | Emissions (tCO2) |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|
| DNO ASA | | 0.05 | 11 461 |
| BLUENORD ASA | | 0.17 | 9 235 |
| Esso SA Francaise | | 0.04 | 6 488 |
| Svitzer Group A/S | | 0.05 | 4 525 |
| Aker ASA | | 0.13 | 2 591 |

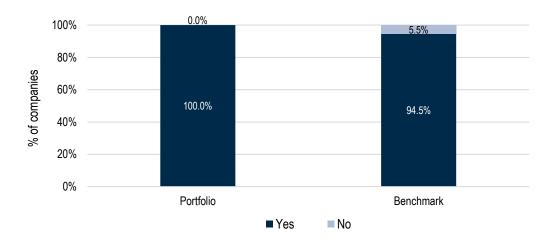
Source: Mirabaud Asset Management, S&P Trucost Limited © Trucost 2025 Data available as at 31.12.2024





Diversity Programmes

This indicator assesses the strength of the company's initiatives to increase the diversity of its workforce.



On this indicator, the portfolio must perform better compared to the benchmark.

| | Portfolio | Benchmark |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Coverage | 97% | 93% |
| Average raw score | 44.2 | 42.1 |
| (best score = 100) | | |

Having diversity programmes is beneficial for a company, as it helps maintain good employee relations. This is essential to the success of a company's operations, especially in sectors characterized by an organized workforce.

Societal

Signatory to the UN Global Compact

80% 60% 40% 20% 20% 9% Portfolio Benchmark

| | Portfolio | Benchmark |
|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Coverage | 86% | 93% |

A UN-led initiative that supports global companies that are committed to responsible business practices in the areas of human rights, labour, the environment and corruption. Companies that join the Compact are expected to integrate these practices into their corporate strategies, culture and day-to-day operations.

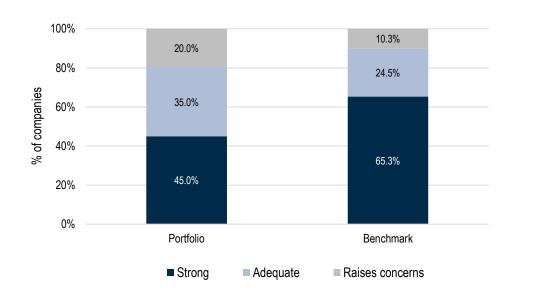
Source: Mirabaud Asset Management, Sustainalytics Data available as at 31.12.2024

Corporate Governance



Board Diversity

This indicator assesses gender diversity on board and the existence and quality of a diversity policy.

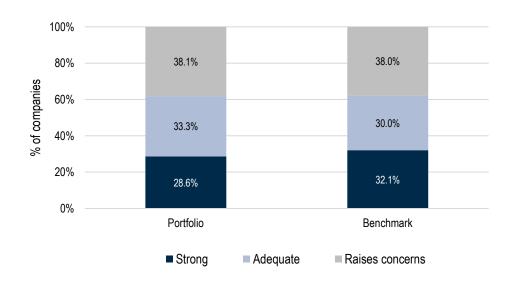


| | Portfolio | Benchmark |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Coverage | 55% | 62% |
| Average raw score | 64.5 | 72.1 |
| (best score = 100) | | |

Diversity on the board can add value to the company, as it provides different points of views and experience, which can lead to better decision-making.

Board Independence

This indicator assesses the level of board independence and affiliations of outside directors with CEO/insiders.



| | Portfolio | Benchmark |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Coverage | 58% | 66% |
| Average raw score | 52.1 | 53.3 |
| (best score = 100) | | |

Strong board independence indicates that there is a substantial portion of independent directors, who can provide oversight for management and protect shareholders' as well as stakeholders' interests.

Source: Mirabaud Asset Management, Sustainalytics Data available as at 31.12.2024

Glossary



| 2°C | The 2°C scenario is widely seen as the global community's accepted limitation of temperature growth to avoid significant and potentially catastrophic changes to the planet. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) | A technology that can capture up to 90% of the CO2 emissions produced from the use of fossil fuels in electricity generation and industrial processes, preventing the CO2 from entering the atmosphere. |
| Carbon Footprint | Amount of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions induced by all the activities of a person or other entity in a given timeframe. Emissions are broken down into three categories: Scope 1: Direct emissions from owned or controlled sources Scope 2: Indirect emissions from the generation of purchased energy Scope 3: All indirect emissions (not included in scope 2) that occur in the value chain of the reporting company, including both upstream and downstream emissions |
| Carbon Intensity | Level of GHG emissions per revenue. Calculation methodologies: Carbon to Revenue (C/R): level of GHG divided by the apportioned annual revenues Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI): sum of product of holding's weight with the company carbon intensity |
| Controversies | Incidents that may negatively impact stakeholders, the environment or the company's operations [from category 1 (negligible risk to the company) to category 5 (severe impact)] |
| Energy Mix | Breakdown of energy consumption by primary energy source in a given geographical region |
| Energy Transition | Pathway toward transformation of the global energy sector from fossil-based to renewable energy by the second half of this century |
| ESG Integration | Inclusion of ESG criteria alongside financial factors |
| ESG Score | The ESG Score evaluates the companies' performance on different ESG factors by reviewing an extensive list of core and sector-specific metrics. The higher the ESG score, the better it is |
| Fossil-based energy | Non-renewable fuel, such as coal and oil, formed underground in the geological past from the remains of living organisms |
| Negative selection (Exclusion) | An approach that excludes specific investments or classes of investment from the investible universe |
| Norm-Based screening | Screening of investments according to their compliance with international standards and norms |
| Positive selection | Involves the active inclusion of companies within an investment universe because of the social or environmental benefits of their products and/or processes: Best-in-class: Investment in companies that are leaders in their sector, based on ESG criteria Best-in-universe: Investment in leading companies within a specific universe Best-effort: Investment in companies with improving ESG policies |
| Renewable energy | Energy derived from natural processes that are replenished at a higher rate than they are consumed (e.g. solar, wind, geothermal, hydro, and biomass) |
| Risk Rating | The ESG Risk Rating measures the degree to which a company's financial value is at risk driven by ESG factors and the magnitude of a company's unmanaged ESG risks. It sorts companies into five risk categories (negligible, low, medium, high, severe). These risk categories are absolute, meaning that a "high risk" assessment reflects a comparable degree of unmanaged ESG risk across the research universe. The lower the ESG risk rating, the better it is. |
| Shareholders Engagement | Includes voting company shares and engaging company management on ESG issues |



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